

## COMPETENCY ASSESSMENT FORM FOR ADVANCED STANDING

To be completed by the senior year BSW Field Instructor <u>or</u> a MSW Clinical Supervisor in the social service agency where the applicant is employed and attach it to the MSW Applicant Reference Form.

Please rate the applicant's achievement of the foundation competencies as defined by the Council of Social Work Education. Please circle the number that corresponds to your rating for each of the 9 competencies, using the following scale:

0 = not assigned/did not observe

- 1 = did not meet the expected performance
- 2 = marginally met the expected performance
- 3 = met the expected performance
- 4 = exceeded the expected performance

For any competency where an assessment of 1 or 2 was assigned, the field instructor or supervisor must explain why this assessment was given and what is needed to improve their performance.

Applicant name:	
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COMPETENCY	DEFINITION OF COMPETENCY	BEHAVIORS ASSOCIATED WITH THE COMPETENCY	RATING				
			0	1	2	3	4
Competency 1:  Demonstrate Ethical and Professional Behavior	Social workers understand the value base of the profession and its ethical standards, as well as relevant policies, laws, and regulations that may affect practice with individuals, families, groups, organizations, and communities. Social workers understand that ethics are informed by principles of human rights and apply them toward realizing social, racial, economic, and environmental justice in their practice. Social workers understand frameworks of ethical decision making and apply principles of critical thinking to those frameworks in practice, research, and policy arenas. Social workers recognize and manage personal values and the	<ul> <li>make ethical decisions by applying the standards of the National Association of Social Workers Code of Ethics, relevant laws and regulations, models for ethical decision making, ethical conduct of research, and additional codes of ethics within the profession as appropriate to the context; The Nine Social Work Competencies 2022 Educational Policy and Accreditation Standards</li> <li>demonstrate professional behavior; appearance; and oral, written, and electronic</li> </ul>					

	distinction between personal and professional values.	communication;
	Social workers understand how their evolving	use technology ethically and appropriately to
	worldview, personal experiences, and affective	facilitate practice outcomes;
	reactions influence their professional judgment and	use supervision and consultation to guide
	behavior. Social workers take measures to care for	professional judgment and behavior.
	themselves professionally and personally,	
	understanding that self-care is paramount for	
	competent and ethical social work practice. Social	
	workers use rights-based, anti-racist, and anti-	
	oppressive lenses to understand and critique the	
	profession's history, mission, roles, and responsibilities	
	and recognize historical and current contexts of	
	oppression in shaping institutions and social work.	
	Social workers understand the role of other	
	professionals when engaged in interprofessional	
	practice. Social workers recognize the importance of	
	lifelong learning and are committed to continually	
	updating their skills to ensure relevant and effective	
	practice. Social workers understand digital technology	
	and the ethical use of technology in social work	
	practice.	
Competency 2:	Social workers understand that every person regardless	advocate for human rights at the
Advance Human	of position in society has fundamental human rights.	individual, family, group,
Rights and Social,	Social workers are knowledgeable about the global	organizational, and community
Racial, Economic, and	intersecting and ongoing injustices throughout history	system levels;
Environmental	that result in oppression and racism, including social	engage in practices that advance
Justice	work's role and response. Social workers critically	human rights to promote social,
	evaluate the distribution of power and privilege in	racial, economic, and
	society in order to promote social, racial, economic, and	environmental justice.
	environmental justice by reducing inequities and ensuring dignity and respect for all. Social workers	,
	advocate for and engage in strategies to eliminate	
	oppressive structural barriers to ensure that social	
	resources, rights, and responsibilities are distributed	
	equitably, and that civil, political, economic, social, and	
	cultural human rights are protected.	

Competency 3: Engage Anti- Racism, Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion (ADEI) in Practice	Social workers understand how racism and oppression shape human experiences and how these two constructs influence practice at the individual, family, group, organizational, and community levels and in policy and research. Social workers understand the pervasive impact of White supremacy and privilege and use their knowledge, awareness, and skills to engage in anti-racist practice. Social workers understand how diversity and intersectionality shape human experiences and identity development and affect equity and inclusion. The dimensions of diversity are understood as the intersectionality of factors including but not limited to age, caste, class, color, culture, disability and ability, ethnicity, gender, gender identity and expression, generational status, immigration status, legal status, marital status, political ideology, race, nationality, religion and spirituality, sex, sexual orientation, and tribal sovereign status. Social workers understand that this intersectionality means that a person's life experiences may include oppression, poverty, marginalization, and alienation as well as privilege and power. Social workers understand the societal and historical roots of social and racial injustices and the forms and mechanisms of oppression and discrimination. Social workers understand cultural humility and recognize the extent to which a culture's structures and 10 2022 Educational Policy and Accreditation Standards values, including social, economic, political, racial, technological, and cultural exclusions, may create privilege and power resulting in systemic oppression.	<ul> <li>demonstrate anti-racist and anti-oppressive social work practice at the individual, family, group, organizational, community, research, and policy levels; and</li> <li>demonstrate cultural humility by applying critical reflection, self-awareness, and self-regulation to manage the influence of bias, power, privilege, and values in working with clients and constituencies, acknowledging them as experts of their own lived experiences</li> </ul>		
Competency 4:	Social workers use ethical, culturally informed, anti- racist, and anti-oppressive approaches in conducting	apply research findings to inform and improve practice policy and programs:		
Engage in Practice- Informed Research	research and building knowledge. Social workers use	improve practice, policy, and programs; and		
and Research-	research to inform their practice decision making and	<ul> <li>identify ethical, culturally informed, anti-</li> </ul>		
Informed Practice	articulate how their practice experience informs research	racist, and anti-oppressive strategies that		
mornieu rractice	and evaluation decisions. Social workers critically	address inherent biases for use in		
	evaluate and critique current, empirically sound research to inform decisions pertaining to practice, policy, and	quantitative and qualitative research methods to advance the purposes of social		

Competency 5: Engage in Policy Practice	research and evaluate design, analysis, and interpretation using an anti-racist and anti-oppressive perspective. Social workers know how to access, critique, and synthesize the current literature to develop appropriate research questions and hypotheses. Social workers demonstrate knowledge and skills regarding qualitative and quantitative research methods and analysis, and they interpret data derived from these methods. Social workers demonstrate knowledge about methods to assess reliability and validity in social work research. Social workers can articulate and share research findings in ways that are usable to a variety of clients and constituencies. Social workers understand the value of evidence derived from interprofessional and diverse research methods, approaches, and sources.  Social workers identify social policy at the local, state, federal, and global level that affects well being, human rights and justice, service delivery, and access to social services. Social workers recognize the historical, social, racial, cultural, economic, organizational, environmental, and global influences that affect social policy. Social workers understand and critique the history and current structures of social policies and services and the role of policy in service delivery through rights based, anti-oppressive, and anti-racist lenses. Social workers influence policy formulation, analysis, 2022 Educational Policy and Accreditation Standards 11 implementation, and evaluation within their practice settings with individuals, families, groups, organizations, and communities. Social workers actively engage in and advocate for anti-racist and anti-oppressive policy practice to effect change in those settings.	<ul> <li>use social justice, anti-racist, and anti-oppressive lenses to assess how social welfare policies affect the delivery of and access to social services; and</li> <li>apply critical thinking to analyze, formulate, and advocate for policies that advance human rights and social, racial, economic, and environmental justice.</li> </ul>					
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Competency 6: Engage with Individuals, Families, Groups, Organizations, and Communities	Social workers understand that engagement is an ongoing component of the dynamic and interactive process of social work practice with and on behalf of individuals, families, groups, organizations, and communities. Social workers value the importance of human relationships. Social workers understand theories of human behavior and person-in-environment and critically evaluate and apply this knowledge to facilitate engagement with clients and constituencies, including individuals, families, groups, organizations, and communities. Social workers are self-reflective and understand how bias, power, and privilege as well as their personal values and personal experiences may affect their ability to engage effectively with diverse clients and constituencies. Social workers use the principles of interprofessional collaboration to facilitate engagement with clients, constituencies, and other professionals as appropriate.	<ul> <li>apply knowledge of human behavior and person-in-environment, as well as interprofessional conceptual frameworks, to engage with clients and constituencies; and</li> <li>use empathy, reflection, and interpersonal skills to engage in culturally responsive practice with clients and constituencies.</li> </ul>	
Competency 7: Assess Individuals, Families, Groups, Organizations, and Communities	Social workers understand that assessment is an ongoing component of the dynamic and interactive process of social work practice. Social workers understand theories of human behavior and person-in-environment, as well as interprofessional conceptual frameworks, and they critically evaluate and apply this knowledge in culturally responsive assessment with clients and constituencies, including individuals, families, groups, organizations, and communities. Assessment involves a collaborative process of defining presenting challenges and identifying 12 2022 Educational Policy and Accreditation Standards strengths with individuals, families, groups, organizations, and communities to develop a mutually agreed-upon plan. Social workers recognize the implications of the larger practice context in the assessment process and use interprofessional collaboration in this process. Social workers are self-reflective and understand how bias, power, privilege, and their personal values and experiences may affect their assessment and decision making.	<ul> <li>apply theories of human behavior and person-in-environment, as well as other culturally responsive and interprofessional conceptual frameworks, when assessing clients and constituencies; and</li> <li>demonstrate respect for client self-determination during the assessment process by collaborating with clients and constituencies in developing a mutually agreed-upon plan.</li> </ul>	

Competency 8: Intervene with Individuals, Families, Groups, Organizations, and Communities	Social workers understand that intervention is an ongoing component of the dynamic and interactive process of social work practice. Social workers understand theories of human behavior, person-inenvironment, and other interprofessional conceptual frameworks, and they critically evaluate and apply this knowledge in selecting culturally responsive interventions with clients and constituencies, including individuals, families, groups, organizations, and communities. Social workers understand methods of identifying, analyzing, and implementing evidence-informed interventions and participate in interprofessional collaboration to achieve client and constituency goals. Social workers facilitate effective transitions and endings.	<ul> <li>engage with clients and constituencies to critically choose and implement culturally responsive, evidence-informed interventions to achieve client and constituency goals; and incorporate culturally responsive methods to negotiate, mediate, and advocate with and on behalf of clients an constituencies.</li> </ul>					
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Signature

Agency

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Tel:

Rev. 8.24.2023

Name

Title

Reviewer: