



THE UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS AT EL PASO
DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL WORK

COMPETENCY ASSESSMENT FORM FOR ADVANCED STANDING

To be completed by the senior year BSW Field Instructor or a MSW Clinical Supervisor in the social service agency where the applicant is employed and attach it to the MSW Applicant Reference Form.

Please rate the applicant’s achievement of the foundation competencies as defined by the Council of Social Work Education. Please circle the number that corresponds to your rating for each of the 9 competencies, using the following scale:

- 0 = not assigned/did not observe
- 1 = did not meet the expected performance
- 2 = marginally met the expected performance
- 3 = met the expected performance
- 4 = exceeded the expected performance

For any competency where an assessment of 1 or 2 was assigned, the field instructor or supervisor must explain why this assessment was given and what is needed to improve their performance.

Applicant name: _____

COMPETENCY	DESCRIPTION OF COMPETENCY	COMPETENCY BEHAVIORS	RATING				
			0	1	2	3	4
EPAS 2022 Competency 1: Demonstrate Ethical and Professional Behavior	Social workers understand the value base of the profession and its ethical standards, as well as relevant policies, laws, and regulations that may affect practice with individuals, families, groups, organizations, and communities. Social workers understand that ethics are informed by principles of human rights and apply them toward realizing social, racial, economic, and environmental justice in their practice. Social workers understand frameworks of ethical decision making and apply principles of critical thinking to those frameworks in practice, research, and policy arenas. Social workers recognize and manage personal values and the distinction between personal and professional values. Social workers understand how their evolving worldview, personal experiences, and affective reactions influence their professional judgment and behavior.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Make ethical decisions by applying the standards of the National Association of Social Workers Code of Ethics, relevant laws and regulations, models for ethical decision-making, ethical conduct of research, and additional codes of ethics within the profession as appropriate to context. • Demonstrate professional behavior; appearance; and oral, written, and electronic 					

	<p>Social workers take measures to care for themselves professionally and personally, understanding that self-care is paramount for competent and ethical social work practice. Social workers use rights-based, anti-racist, and anti-oppressive lenses to understand and critique the profession’s history, mission, roles, and responsibilities and recognize historical and current contexts of oppression in shaping institutions and social work. Social workers understand the role of other professionals when engaged in interprofessional practice. Social workers recognize the importance of lifelong learning and are committed to continually updating their skills to ensure relevant and effective practice. Social workers understand digital technology and the ethical use of technology in social work practice.</p>	<p>communication.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use technology ethically and appropriately to facilitate practice outcomes. • Use supervision and consultation to guide professional judgment and behavior. 					
<p>EPAS 2022 Competency 2: Advance Human Rights and Social, Racial, Economic, & Environmental Justice</p>	<p>Social workers understand that every person regardless of position in society has fundamental human rights. Social workers are knowledgeable about the global intersecting and ongoing injustices throughout history that result in oppression and racism, including social work’s role and response. Social workers critically evaluate the distribution of power and privilege in society in order to promote social, racial, economic, and environmental justice by reducing inequities and ensuring dignity and respect for all. Social workers advocate for and engage in strategies to eliminate oppressive structural barriers to ensure that social resources, rights, and responsibilities are distributed equitably and that civil, political, economic, social, and cultural human rights are protected.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Advocate for human rights at the individual, family, group, organizational, and community systems levels. • Engage in practices that advance human rights to promote social, racial, economic, and environmental justice. 					
<p>EPAS 2022 Competency 3: Engage Anti-Racism, Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion (ADEI) in Practice</p>	<p>Social workers understand how racism and oppression shape human experiences and how these two constructs influence practice at the individual, family, group, organizational, and community levels and in policy and research. Social workers understand the pervasive impact of White supremacy and privilege and use their knowledge, awareness, and skills to engage in anti-racist practice. Social workers understand how diversity and intersectionality shape human experiences and identity development and affect equity and inclusion. The dimensions of diversity are understood as the intersectionality of factors including but not limited to age, caste, class, color, culture, disability and ability, ethnicity, gender, gender identity and expression, generational status, immigration status, legal status, marital status, political ideology, race, nationality, religion and spirituality, sex, sexual orientation, and tribal sovereign status. Social workers understand that this intersectionality means that a person’s life experiences may include oppression, poverty, marginalization, and alienation as well as privilege and power. Social workers understand the</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Demonstrate anti-racist and anti-oppressive social work practice at the individual, family, group, organizational, community, research, and policy levels. • Demonstrate cultural humility by applying critical reflection, self-awareness, and self-regulation to manage the influence of bias, power, privilege, and values in working with clients and constituencies, acknowledging them as experts of their own lived experiences. 					

	<p>societal and historical roots of social and racial injustices and the forms and mechanisms of oppression and discrimination. Social workers understand cultural humility and recognize the extent to which a culture's structures and values, including social, economic, political, racial, technological, and cultural exclusions, may create privilege and power resulting in systemic oppression.</p>					
<p>EPAS 2022 Competency 4: Engage in Practice-informed Research & Research-informed Practice</p>	<p>Social workers use ethical, culturally informed, anti-racist, and anti-oppressive approaches in conducting research and building knowledge. Social workers use research to inform their practice decision making and articulate how their practice experience informs research and evaluation decisions. Social workers critically evaluate and critique current, empirically sound research to inform decisions pertaining to practice, policy, and programs. Social workers understand the inherent bias in research and evaluate design, analysis, and interpretation using an anti-racist and anti-oppressive perspective. Social workers know how to access, critique, and synthesize the current literature to develop appropriate research questions and hypotheses. Social workers demonstrate knowledge and skills regarding qualitative and quantitative research methods and analysis, and they interpret data derived from these methods. Social workers demonstrate knowledge about methods to assess reliability and validity in social work research. Social workers can articulate and share research findings in ways that are usable to a variety of clients and constituencies. Social workers understand the value of evidence derived from interprofessional and diverse research methods, approaches, and sources.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Apply research findings to inform and improve practice, policy, and programs. • Identify ethical, culturally informed, anti-racist, and anti-oppressive strategies that address inherent biases for use in quantitative and qualitative research methods to advance the purpose of social work. 				
<p>EPAS 2022 Competency 5: Engage in Policy Practice</p>	<p>Social workers identify social policy at the local, state, federal, and global level that affects well-being, human rights and justice, service delivery, and access to social services. Social workers recognize the historical, social, racial, cultural, economic, organizational, environmental, and global influences that affect social policy. Social workers understand and critique the history and current structures of social policies and services and the role of policy in service delivery through rights-based, anti-oppressive, and anti-racist lenses. Social workers influence policy formulation, analysis, implementation, and evaluation within their practice settings with individuals, families, groups, organizations, and communities. Social workers actively engage in and advocate for anti-racist and anti-oppressive policy practice to effect change in those settings.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use social justice, anti-racist, and anti-oppressive lenses to assess how social welfare policies affect the delivery of and access to social services. • Apply critical thinking to analyze, formulate and advocate for policies that advance human rights and social, economic and environmental justice. 				

<p>EPAS 2022 Competency 6: Engage with Individuals, Families, Groups, Organizations, & Communities</p>	<p>Social workers understand that engagement is an ongoing component of the dynamic and interactive process of social work practice with and on behalf of individuals, families, groups, organizations, and communities. Social workers value the importance of human relationships. Social workers understand theories of human behavior and person-in-environment and critically evaluate and apply this knowledge to facilitate engagement with clients and constituencies, including individuals, families, groups, organizations, and communities. Social workers are self-reflective and understand how bias, power, and privilege as well as their personal values and personal experiences may affect their ability to engage effectively with diverse clients and constituencies. Social workers use the principles of interprofessional collaboration to facilitate engagement with clients, constituencies, and other professionals as appropriate.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Apply knowledge of human behavior and person-in-environment, as well as interprofessional conceptual frameworks to engage with clients and constituencies. • Use empathy, reflection, and interpersonal skills to engage in culturally responsive practice clients and constituencies. 				
<p>EPAS 2022 Competency 7: Assess Individuals, Families, Groups, Organizations, & Communities</p>	<p>Social workers understand that assessment is an ongoing component of the dynamic and interactive process of social work practice. Social workers understand theories of human behavior and person-in-environment, as well as interprofessional conceptual frameworks, and they critically evaluate and apply this knowledge in culturally responsive assessment with clients and constituencies, including individuals, families, groups, organizations, and communities. Assessment involves a collaborative process of defining presenting challenges and identifying strengths with individuals, families, groups, organizations, and communities to develop a mutually agreed-upon plan. Social workers recognize the implications of the larger practice context in the assessment process and use interprofessional collaboration in this process. Social workers are self-reflective and understand how bias, power, privilege, and their personal values and experiences may affect their assessment and decision making.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Apply theories of human behavior and person-in-environment, as well as other culturally responsive and interprofessional conceptual frameworks, when assessing clients and constituencies. • Demonstrate respect for client self-determination during the assessment process by collaborating with clients and constituencies in developing a mutually agreed-upon plan. 				
<p>EPAS 2022 Competency 8: Intervene with Individuals, Families, Groups, Organizations, & Communities</p>	<p>Social workers understand that intervention is an ongoing component of the dynamic and interactive process of social work practice. Social workers understand theories of human behavior, person-in-environment, and other interprofessional conceptual frameworks, and they critically evaluate and apply this knowledge in selecting culturally responsive interventions with clients and constituencies, including individuals, families, groups, organizations, and communities. Social workers understand methods of identifying, analyzing, and implementing evidence-informed interventions and participate in interprofessional</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Engage with clients and constituencies to critically choose and implement culturally responsive, evidence-informed interventions to achieve client and constituency goals. • Incorporate culturally responsive methods to negotiate, mediate, 				

	collaboration to achieve client and constituency goals. Social workers facilitate effective transitions and endings.	and advocate with and on behalf of clients and constituencies.				
EPAS 2022 Competency 9: Evaluate Practice with Individuals, Families, Groups, Organizations, & Communities	Social workers understand that evaluation is an ongoing component of the dynamic and interactive process of social work practice with and on behalf of diverse individuals, families, groups, organizations, and communities. Social workers evaluate processes and outcomes to increase practice, policy, and service delivery effectiveness. Social workers apply anti-racist and anti-oppressive perspectives in evaluating outcomes. Social workers understand theories of human behavior and person-in-environment, as well as interprofessional conceptual frameworks, and critically evaluate and apply this knowledge in evaluating outcomes. Social workers use qualitative and quantitative methods for evaluating outcomes and practice effectiveness.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Select and use culturally responsive methods for evaluation of outcomes. • Critically analyze outcomes and apply evaluation findings to improve practice effectiveness with individuals, families, groups, organizations, and communities. 				

Reviewer: _____
Name

Signature

Date

Title)

Agency

Telephone #