

UTEP College of Education

Virtual Seminar Universidad de Texas en El Paso

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R.G. INTERCITEC



Hi!

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Guiding questions

Which degree have the sciences and mathematics teachers? And which institutions train sciences and mathematics teachers to secondary education?

Which participation have the institution that we belong in the initial training and in service?

Which relations we consider exist between teaching and research?



About the degree of the teachers:

- It's offered by the universities and supports the teachers actions in whole levels of training;
- In the case of the ancient Normal schools, that offered the degree of normalist teacher, acting in the level of basic primary, gradually the universities were generating programs to give professional degree.
- Later, in the decade of 90's the state created a politic law to normal school were validate by the universities, these situation day by day is losing field.



About the teachers degree:

- In general to all specialities the degree is graduate (Licensed/Licenciado) and since the decade of 90's it's a career of five years as the other professionals.
- The titles are of three types: according to the specialities defined into the Law 115 (Physics, Spanish language...), educative level (Only childhood and primary) and another needs and options (Earth mother and Pshyco-pedagogy...)
- Children pedagogy (First childness level)
 Mathematics, Biology, Physics, Chemistry,
 Humanities and Spanish language, Languages, Arts
 education, Social Sciences, Natural Sciences and
 Environmental Education.



Which participation have the institution that we belong to the initial training and in service?

- Offer training in undergraduate level (bachelor degree) and graduate (specializations, masters and doctoral degree).
- Initial Training: Children pedagogy, mathematics, Biology, Physics, Chemistry, Humanities and Spanish language, Foreign Languages with emphasis in English, Arts education and Social Sciences.



ADVANCED TRAINING

- Specializations: Human develop with emphasis in affective process and creativity; Technology education; Education and Environmental management; management of educative projects institutional and for childhood; culture and development.
- Master Programs: Communication and education; Education (Mathematical education, Natural Sciences and technology Education, intercultural communication, ethnoeducation and cultural diversity, ethics, politics and education); Technology Education; Education for peace, Childhood and culture; Linguistic applies to teaching English; and language pedagogy.
- **Ph.D. Program:** Interinstitutional in Education (Science Education, Mathematics Education, History of Education, Language and Education, and English teaching as foreign language).



Accreditation programs (PFPD)

Special projects
Working into the school

Derivate from the training as researchers-innovators

Offers from the research groups

Service training



Initial training

Lic. Children Pedagogy, Lic. Biology, Lic. Chemistry, Lic. Physics and Lic. Mathematics

Young researchers training in research-innovation

(Pedagogical practice, research seminaries, hotbeds and research groups, internships and research support.



research-innovation training (initial) Master degree in education and technology education

Advanced

Advanced Research Training Doctorate



Research

Innovation: Mathematic Education

Conceptions on different topics

Teacher thinking

Inclusive Education

Semiotic Representations

Scholar mathematics

Research Innovation Education in Natural Sciences and technology

Didactics of sciences, education in technology, and historical and cultural issues.



Sciences Education Research

<u>Inclusion of environmental dimension</u> into the science education

<u>Didactical change and science</u> teacher training

Relations between history and philosophy of science and didactic of science

Science teaching, Context and cultural diversity

<u>Professional knowledge of science</u> teachers and scholar knowledge

Science, Technology and Society: Social representations, citizen scientist training, social appropriation of science, and gender studies

Mathematical Education

Language and mathematical didactics

<u>Language and construction of</u> mathematical knowledge

<u>Language and mathematics</u> argumentation

Development of early algebraic thinking

Influence of semiotics transformations into the cognitive constructions

Mathematics teacher training

Historical-critical and didactical analysis of funding elements of fundamental didactics

Technology and didactics of geometry



Which relations we consider exist between teaching and research?

- Possibilities given to teachers and the roles they play in school?
- Definition of the profession?
- As and result of academic reasoning?



Institutional and policy

Action of the research groups that have generated a tradition and practices that link

> Personal stories A possibility

Teachers Researchers trained or in training University level

Teachers in basic education service dissenters and critics who innovate solitaires



Personal stories

A possibility

Training of advanced researchers Location of the two spaces Research-Innovation

Dynamic relationship

Continuous training in groups
Training of teachers in initial
training Reconstruction of
own experiences

Research - innovation

First critical and creative teaching (Basic level and childhood)

First informed teaching (Basic level and childhood) Innovative and innovation research



Thank You!

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